

6. mixture study lacking paraquat-only exposure

• 3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information

7. is a conference abstract, grant application/registration, thesis/dissertation, or otherwise not a peer-reviewed scientific

• 3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information

3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information

review on melatonin

6. mixture study lacking paraquat-only exposure

• 3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information

5. lacks paraquat exposure

3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information

2. study conducted with a non-animal model (e.g. plants, fungi, protists, bacteria)

1. lacks a comparator (e.g. control or baseline group)

8. foreign language

1. lacks a comparator (e.g. control or baseline group)

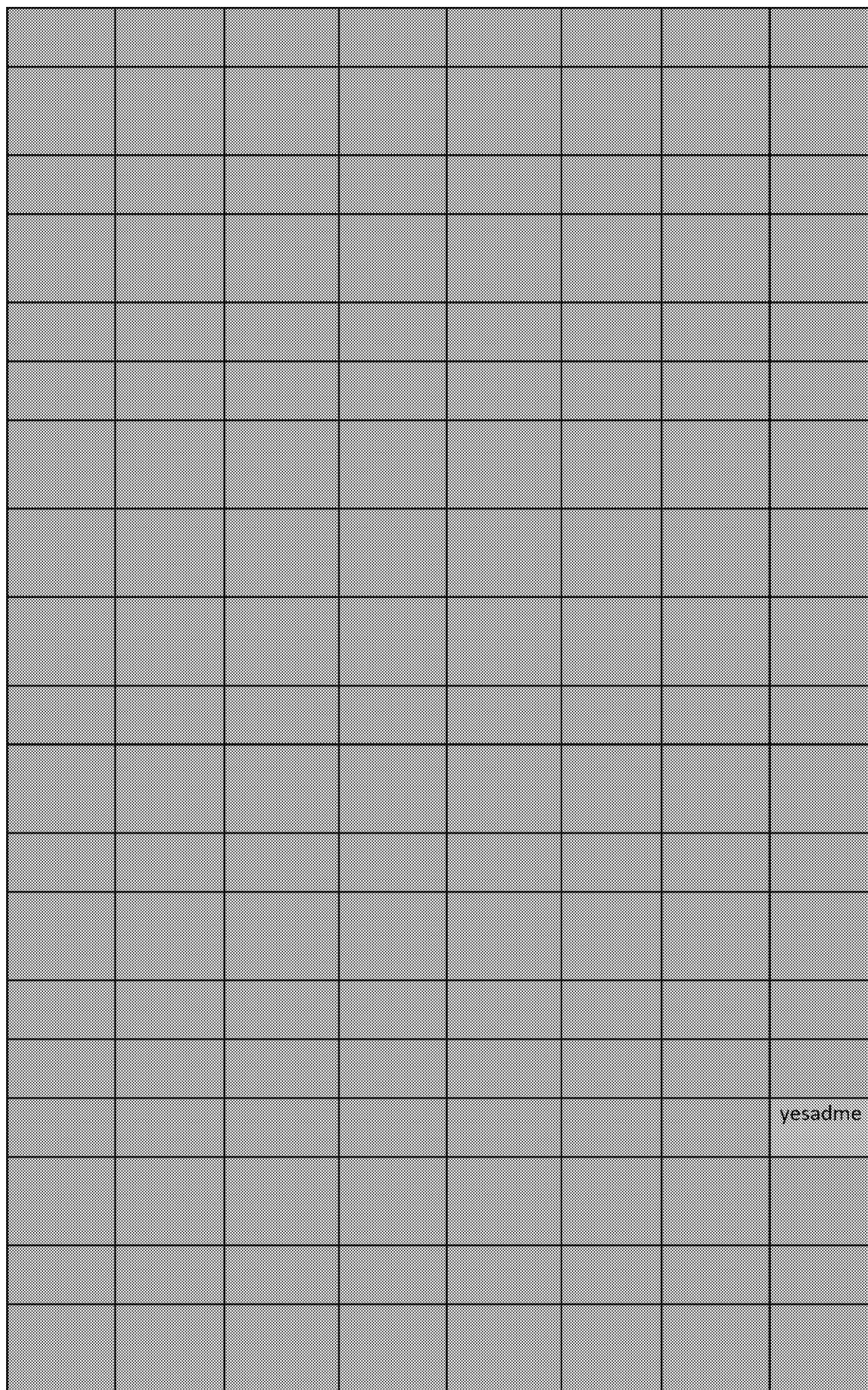
8. foreign language

3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information

1. lacks a comparator (e.g. control or baseline group)

8. foreign language

3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information



2551
2555
2556
2557
2560
2562
2570
2572
2574
2590
2594
2595
2609
2612
2613
2614
2615
2618
2624
2634
2642
2661
2705
2733

M. Stankovic, S. Hukovic, D. Stankovic. [The effect of paraquat and etiol, frequently used pesticides, on neuromuscular transmission in isolated organs]. Med Arh. 1979. 33:211-7
F. Borchard, B. Grabensee, W. Jax, F. Huth. [Electron and light microscopic findings in human paraquat poisoning (author's transl)]. Klin Wochenschr. 1974. 52:657-71
D. B. Webb, E. J. Ansari, D. I. Wallis. An electrophysiological study of ganglion blockade by paraquat and diquat. Hum Toxicol. 1988. 7:563-5
T. Fukushima. [Elucidation of paraquat poisoning mechanism and development of the neuronal death model]. Nihon Eiseigaku Zasshi. 2002. 57:83-6
M. T. Corasaniti, R. Defilippo, P. Rodino, G. Nappi, G. Nistico. Evidence that paraquat is able to cross the blood-brain barrier to a different extent in rats of various age. Funct Neurol. 1991. 6:385-91
V. Soontornniyomkij, S. Bunyaratvej. Fatal paraquat poisoning: a light microscopic study in eight autopsy cases. J Med Assoc Thai. 1992. 75 Suppl 1:98-105
I. Debbarh, S. Rambelomanana, F. Penouil, F. Castaigne, D. Poisot, N. Moore. [Human neurotoxicity of ethylene-bis-dithiocarbamates (EBDC)]. Rev Neurol (Paris). 2002. 158:1175-80
B. Matkovics, K. Barabas, L. Szabo, G. Berencsi. In vivo study of the mechanism of protective effects of ascorbic acid and reduced glutathione in paraquat poisoning. Gen Pharmacol. 1980. 11:455-61
L. J. Bradley, J. W. Taanman, C. Kallis, R. W. Orrell. Increased sensitivity of myoblasts to oxidative stress in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis peripheral tissues. Exp Neurol. 2009. 218:92-7
I. Vadnay, A. Haraszti. [Morphologic lesions in paraquat poisoning]. Morphol Igazsagugyi Orv Sz. 1987. 27:47-54
T. Zilker, F. Fogt, M. von Clarmann. [No Parkinsonian syndrome following acute paraquat poisoning]. Klin Wochenschr. 1988. 66:1138-41
B. Nemery, R. J. van Klaveren. NO wonder paraquat is toxic. Hum Exp Toxicol. 1995. 14:308-9
K. A. Mourin. Paraquat poisoning. Br Med J. 1967. 4:486
T. Kanchan, S. M. Bakkannavar, P. R. Acharya. Paraquat Poisoning: Analysis of an Uncommon Cause of Fatal Poisoning from Manipal, South India. Toxicol Int. 2015. 22:30-4
C. Tase. [Paraquat poisoning: clinical and experimental studies]. Masui. 1983. 32:1245-53
J. A. Vale, T. J. Meredith, B. M. Buckley. Paraquat poisoning: clinical features and immediate general management. Hum Toxicol. 1987. 6:41-7
. Paraquat poisoning: clinicopathological conference. Scott Med J. 1971. 16:407-21
C. Huang, X. Zhang, Y. Jiang, G. Li, H. Wang, X. Tang, Q. Wang. Paraquat-induced convulsion and death: a report of five cases. Toxicol Ind Health. 2013. 29:722-7
H. Nakamura, M. Jogamoto, S. Kuzuhara, Z. Shiozawa, T. Nakanishi. [Polyradiculoneuropathy due to paraquat: A case report (author's transl)]. Rinsho Shinkeigaku. 1980. 20:945-50
B. Zhao, X. D. Jia, Z. C. Zhang. [Relationship between paraquat tissue content and organ injury in paraquat poisoning rats]. Zhonghua Lao Dong Wei Sheng Zhi Ye Bing Za Zhi. 2010. 28:220-3
S. Y. Lin-Shiau, K. S. Hsu. Studies on the neuromuscular blocking action of commercial paraquat in mouse phrenic nerve-diaphragm. Neurotoxicology. 1994. 15:379-88
L. Arias Martínez Tabche. Toxic effects of Paraquat and lead on fish liver ( <i>Oreochromis hornorum</i> ). European Journal of Pharmacology. 1990. 183:1534-1535
A. K. Osman Salama. Protection against oxidative stress induced by paraquat and diquat in female rats. Toxicology. 2001. 164:193-194
M. Djukic Curcic. Nitrate contents in vulnerable brain structures of Wistar rats poisoned with Paraquat. Toxicology Letters. 2005. 158:S173-S174

1. The bipyridilium herbicides, particularly paraquat, have chemical and toxicological features in common with the bi-qua

The brain levels of paraquat were determined in rats of different age after systemic administration of several doses of th

Eight autopsy cases of paraquat poisoning from 1980 to 1990 were studied by light microscopy. An attempt was made to

Ethylene-bis-dithiocarbamates (EBDC) (maneb, mancozeb,...) are fungicides which rarely cause acute toxicity reactions, b

We compared mitochondrial respiratory chain function, mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) integrity, and oxidative stress levels

Paraquat structurally resembles N-methyl-4-phenyltetrahydropyridine (MPTP) and its metabolite 1-methyl-4-phenylpyridi

BACKGROUND: Morbidity and mortality related to acute poisoning is a serious health concern worldwide. Paraquat is kn

In contrast to 10-15 years ago most cases of paraquat poisoning are now due to deliberate self-poisoning with parasuicid

Paraquat (PQ) is a potent toxicant for humans, and poisoning with PQ is associated with high mortality. Patients with sev

The neuromuscular blocking actions of commercial and pure paraquat on the mouse phrenic nerve-diaphragm were com

Not Relevant

8. foreign language
8. Foreign language
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information
8. foreign language
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information
5. lacks paraquat exposure
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information (based on title only - study in foreign language)
•1. lacks a comparator (e.g. control or baseline group)
7. is a conference abstract, grant application/registration, thesis/dissertation, or otherwise not a peer-reviewed scientific publication
7. is a conference abstract, grant application/registration, thesis/dissertation, or otherwise not a peer-reviewed scientific publication
1. lacks a comparator (e.g. control or baseline group)
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information
•7. is a conference abstract, grant application/registration, thesis/dissertation, or otherwise not a peer-reviewed scientific publication
1. lacks a comparator (e.g. control or baseline group)
•1. lacks a comparator (e.g. control or baseline group)
8. Foreign language
3. lacks neurobehavioral or neuropathological health outcome information
7. is a conference abstract, grant application/registration, thesis/dissertation, or otherwise not a peer-reviewed scientific publication
7. is a conference abstract, grant application/registration, thesis/dissertation, or otherwise not a peer-reviewed scientific publication
7. is a conference abstract, grant application/registration, thesis/dissertation, or otherwise not a peer-reviewed scientific publication

The image shows a large grid of empty cells, resembling a spreadsheet or a database table. The grid consists of approximately 20 columns and 30 rows. In the bottom right corner of the grid, there are two instances of the word "yesadme" written in a simple, sans-serif font. The rest of the grid is entirely empty.

2781
2786
2864
2873
3161
3294
3298
3365
3373
3386
3397
3406
3412
3436
3452
3468
3530
3548
3549

Ronald P. Hanna Mason. In vivo ESR spin trapping evidence for hydroxyl radical mediated toxicity of paraquat and copper in rats. Free Radical Biology and Medicine. 1993. 15:480
M. Takatori Nagao. IMMUNOHISTOCHEMICAL LOCALIZATION OF PARAQUAT IN LUNGS AND BRAINS. Acs Symposium Series. 1991. 451:264-271
N. S. E. Zaki El Sayed. Attenuation of Neurotoxicity Induced by Sub-Chronic Paraquat Administration in Rats by Deprenyl, Quercetin, Green Tea or Malt Extract. Drug Metabolism Reviews. 2010. 42:198-198
C. Strawn Liang. The anti-inflammatory effects of cerium oxide nanoparticles (CeONP) in paraquat treated microglia. Free Radical Biology and Medicine. 2006. 41:S72-S73
Xianchun Ning Yu Jin. Antioxidant and antitumor activities of the polysaccharide from seed cake of Camellia oleifera Abel. International Journal of Biological Macromolecules. 2012. 51:364-368
Seung Wan Jee. Global gene expression analysis of paraquat-induced changes in BV2 microglia cells. Alzheimer's & Dementia. 2010. 6:S263
James R. Gandhi Khanjan Krishnamoorthy Malini Jones Dean P. Roede. Gene Expression Array and Thiol Antioxidant Oxidation Detail Divergent Mechanisms of Paraquat and Maneb Neurotoxicity in the Locus Coeruleus. Free Radical Biology and Medicine. 2011. 51, Supplement:S72
Ä Harsányi L. Läng Ä Fischer J. Németh. 7.3 - Evaluation of organ injuries in Paraquat intoxication. Progress in Histochemistry and Cytochemistry. 1991. 23:213-219
K. T. Wilson Y. P. Look E. A. Duffell S. Wong. Acute paraquat poisoning and the brain - A qualitative and quantitative study. Brain Pathology. 1997. 7:1388-1388
J. T. Hughes. BRAIN-DAMAGE DUE TO PARAQUAT POISONING. Neurotoxicology. 1988. 9:140-140
Anon. Clinical studies in paraquat poisoning : K. Suzuki, S. Tanaka, K. Ogawa, Y. Nakamura, H. Hirose, J. Tanabe, C. Fujii, A. Kohama, J. Hashimoto, Y. Shinkai, G. Ohsawa. Jpn J Acute Med 1986;10:203–209. The American Journal of Emergency Medicine. 1986. 4:468
S. Y. Wang W. Lian K. Q. Xu X. D. Niu L. M. Shi H. M. Kang W. J. Bi. Determination of Monoamine Neurotransmitters in Brains of Paraquat-Induced Mouse by HPLC with Electrochemical Detection. Asian Journal of Chemistry. 2013. 25:8593-8596
Anon. Does acute intoxication by paraquat and lead to symptoms of Parkinsons?. Environnement Risques & Sante. 2012. 11:350-352
J. Brent. High Dose Human Paraquat Exposures and the Subsequent Development of Parkinsonism. Movement Disorders. 2010. 25:S612-S612
K. Nowak P. Mikolajun U. Kolasiewicz W. Ossowska K. Kuter. The influence of the acute and chronic administration of a pesticide paraquat on the reactive oxygen species in rats. Pharmacological Reports. 2008. 60:284-284
C. Barile F. A. Chesne C. Cottin M. Curren R. Ekwall B. Ferro M. Gomez-Lechon M. J. Imai K. Janus J. Kemp R. B. Kerszman G. Kjellstrand P. Lavrijsen K. Logemann P. McFarlane-Abdulla E. Roguet R. Segner H. Thuvander A. Walum E. Ekwall B. Clemedson. MEIC evaluation of acute systemic toxicity - Part VII. Prediction of human toxicity by results from testing of the first 30 reference chemicals with 27 further in vitro assays. Atla- Alternatives to Laboratory Animals. 2000. 28:161-200
M. L. Efthymiou. Retrospective study during 3 years on toxicity of paraquat. Toxicology Letters. #year#. 18, Supplement <HT>1</HT>:106
L. Barabás K. Matkovics B. Berencsi G. Szabó. Time-dependence of paraquat poisoning. General Pharmacology: The Vascular System. 1980. 11:573-574
Anon. Tissue distribution of paraquat and diquat: Litchfield, M. H., Daniel, J. W. & Longshaw, Susan (1973). The tissue distribution of the bipyriddylium herbicides diquat and paraquat in rats and mice. Toxicology1, 155. Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. 1974. 12:571

Immunohistochemistry was used to investigate the localization and dynamics of paraquat in lung and brain in paraquat-p

To explore biomedical potential of the polysaccharide from seed cake of *Camellia oleifera Abel*, we investigated antioxida

A liquid chromatography-electrochemical detection method for the quantification of dopamine, 3,4-dihydroxyphenyl ace

The Multicenter Evaluation of In Vitro Cytotoxicity (MEIC) programme was set up to evaluate the relevance for human ad

1. 1. The time-dependence of the effect of the LD50 of paraquat (PQ) was studied in an attempt to clarify its mechanism

